

Questions

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
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Surname, First name**Calculus 1A (Ca1A)**

Calculus 1A - Sample Test 2 (EN)

9 November 2019 09:00 - 12:00

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| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

There are four types of questions: "final answer", "open answer", "multiple choice" and "multiple response".

- **Final answer**

In the text frame below the question, you only provide **one** answer. Do not write down a calculation, explanation or motivation. If you do write down a calculation, explanation or motivation, it will not be taken into account for grading.

- **Open answer**

You provide a calculation or motivation in the text frame below the question. The calculation or motivation will be graded. Any text outside the frame will be ignored.

- **Multiple choice**

Only one answer is correct. Choose and mark the correct answer.

- **Multiple response**

More than one answer may be correct. Choose and mark the correct answer(s).

Exercise 1: Vectors

Define the points $P(-1, 2, -2)$, $Q(0, 1, -2)$ and $R(1, 1, -1)$.

Let $\mathbf{u} = \overrightarrow{PQ}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \overrightarrow{PR}$.

1p **1a** Calculate $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$.

Provide the answer (and only the answer) in the frame below.

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2p **1b** Calculate the angle θ between \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .

Provide the answer (and only the answer) in the frame below.

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2p **1c** Calculate the projection of \mathbf{u} onto \mathbf{v} .

Provide the answer (and only the answer) in the frame below.

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3p **1d** Calculate an equation of the the plane through P , Q and R .

Provide the answer (and only the answer) in the frame below.

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[illegible]

Exercise 2: Continuity

3p

2a Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{x^2-1} - 1}{x - 1}$.

Give a full calculation/motivation in the frame below.

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2p

2b With $a \neq 1$, calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{x^2-1} - 1}{x - a}$.

Provide the answer (and only the answer) in the frame below.

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$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^3 + 3x^2}.$$

1p

Give a full calculation/motivation for your answer in the frame below.

[illegible]

1p **3b** Calculate all critical points $x > -3$ of f .

Give a full calculation/motivation for your answer in the frame below.

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1p **3c** Determine the absolute extreme values of $f(x)$ where $x \in [-1, 1]$.

This a multiple choice question; only one answer is correct.

- ☐ Absolute minimum is 0, absolute maximum is $\sqrt{2}$.
- ☐ Absolute minimum is 0, absolute maximum is 2.
- ☐ Absolute minimum is -1 , absolute maximum is 1.
- ☐ Absolute minimum is $\sqrt{2}$, absolute maximum is 2.
- ☐ Absolute minimum is -1 , absolute maximum is $\sqrt{2}$.
- ☐ Absolute minimum is -1 , absolute maximum doesn't exist.
- ☐ Absolute minimum is 1, absolute maximum is 2.
- ☐ Neither absolute minimum nor absolute maximum exist.

Define $f(x, y) = \frac{(x + y)^3}{x^2 + y^2}$ for all $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$.

4 Calculate $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x,y)$ if this limit exists, or prove that this limit does not exist.

[illegible]

Define $f(x, y) = \sqrt{x - y}$ for all $x > y$.

5 Define $\alpha = 5$ and $k = 1$. Let $\gamma = f$

3p

Give a full calculation/motivation for your answer in the frame below.

[illegible]